IPEX Traffic Measurements

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DARPA NMS Meeting Baltimore, April 18, 2002

IPEX Phase I

- Goals (Telcordia's contract with CNRI)
 - Collect samples of source traffic of commercial sites continually for use by NMS community
 - Establish low maintenance / high-availability network of measurement servers for monitoring and real-time experimentation

Deployment

Data Collectors

- Operational at Telcordia, SLAC, and West Group Publishing;
 Kaiser Permanente next on list
- Equipment for two additional sites configured and available for installation

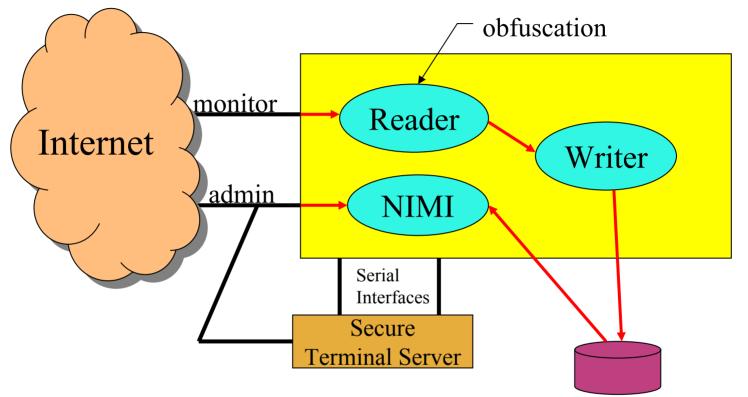
Traffic Data

- Using limited CPU cycles, simple statistical summaries (packet sizes, applications) gathered and continuously shipped back to central Telcordia site
- Detailed trace for busy half-hour also shipped back
- Other traces available
- Statistics stored in database

IPEX Infrastructure Capabilities

- Central management service (from Telcordia)
 - Achieves "lights out" operation (i.e., remote start and re-start)
 of all sites
 - Schedules and co-ordinates collection and reporting of data from individual sites (particularly valuable for conducting controlled experiments in next phase of IPEX)
 - Coming: web interface for access to data traces and summaries

Data Collector Architecture



- •Modified tcpdpriv: obfuscates IP addresses, deletes payload
- •NIMI for access, transport
- •Deployed on Sparc Netra T1-100, 200
- Runs under Linux, FreeBSD

Local Storage

Data Storage Architecture

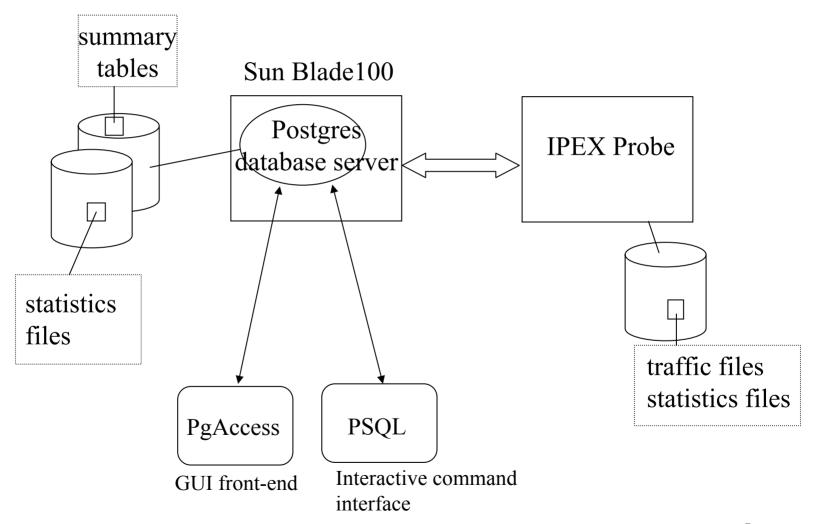
PCI Ultra Wide SCSI LVD Host Adapter

(80 MB/s)

PCI Dual Ultra3 Wide LVD SCSI Host Adapter (160 MB/s per channel) 10×36 GB IBM disk drives (40 MB/s per drive) 360 GB Sun Blade100 server 500 MHz 0.5 or 1 GB SDRAM 50GB **SONY** 6 MB/sAIT-2

tape drive

Database Environment

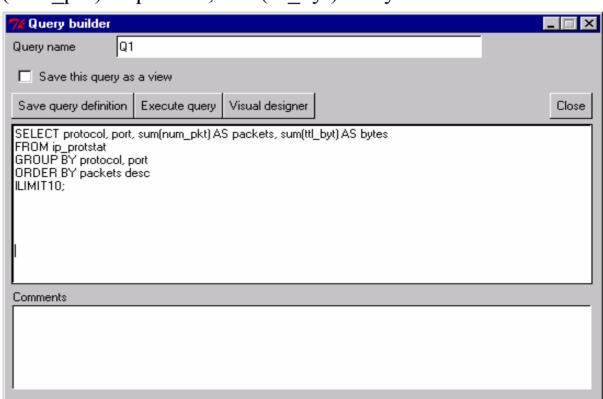


Sample Data Base Query

• Query: Report the top-10 protocol/port pairs ordered by number of packets transmitted

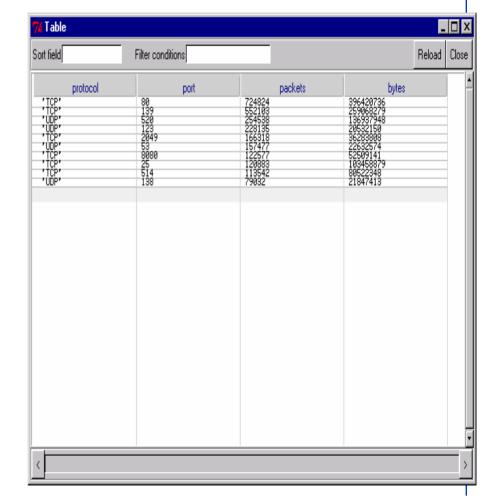
select protocol, port, sum(num_pkt) **as** packets, sum(ttl_byt) **as** bytes

from ip_protstat
group by protocol, port
order by packets desc
limit 10;



Response to Query

protocol	port		packets		bytes
	+	+		+-	
'TCP'	80		724824		396420736
'TCP'	139		552103		259068279
'UDP'	520		254538		136937948
'UDP'	123		228135		20532150
'TCP'	2049		166318		36283808
'UDP'	53		157477		22632574
'TCP'	8080		122577		52509141
'TCP'	25		120883		103458879
'TCP'	514		113542		80522348
'UDP'	138		79032		21847413
(10 rows)					



IPEX Website

- Created by SLAC
- Traffic traces and time series plots of statistics
- HTML Interface
 http://ipexdata.research.telcordia.com/ipex/ipex.html
- Restricted access for security if you want access, send e-mail to Allen Mcintosh <mcintosh@research.telcordia.com>
- Plan to extend access to data for interested groups in NMS

Current IPEX Analysis Status

Html Interface (http://ipexdata.research.telcordia.com/ipex/ipex.html)

IPEX Traffic Analysis

Connie Logg Network Analyst, Stanford Linear Accelerator Center cal@slac.stanford.edu, 650-926-2879 April 2002

This page provides links to the IPEX Traffic Analysis web pages.

Currently Available Reports

• Daily Reports include links for the specified day to: various IPEX Traffic results. Please note that not all probes have data for all days, hence you may get "The page cannot be found" messages. Access to the data for a probe for a day can be obtained by selecting the "Extracted Data" option in the days selection box.

Show the daily reports for:



Port Definitions

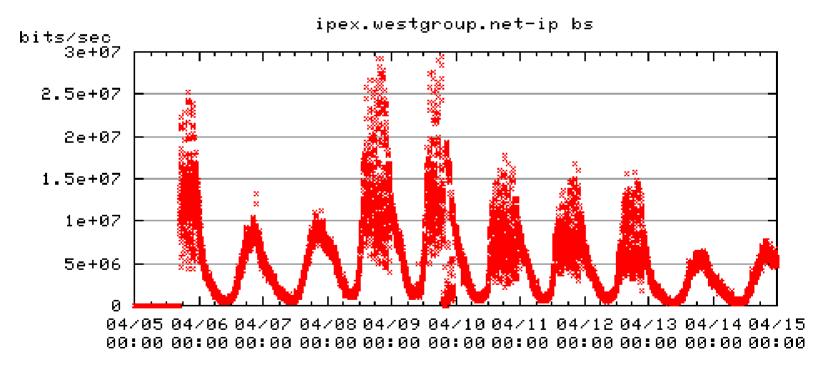
There are may sources of files which purport to define TCP and UDP port definitions. They often provide conflicting information. The TCP and UDP lists detail the origin of the port definitions used in this analysis. These are by no means "definitive", but are the ones chosen for port processing by SLAC.

Available Graphs

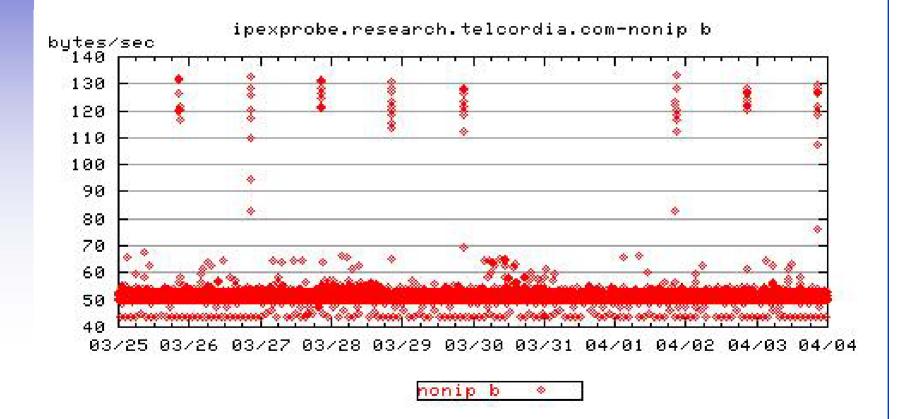
- Traffic volume: bytes/sec, bits/sec, packets/sec for
 - -2 days, 10 days, 6 weeks (the time period is easily changed).
 - -Total IP, Total Non-IP, TCP, UDP, Miscellaneous IP
- Packet size histogram

Total IP Traffic

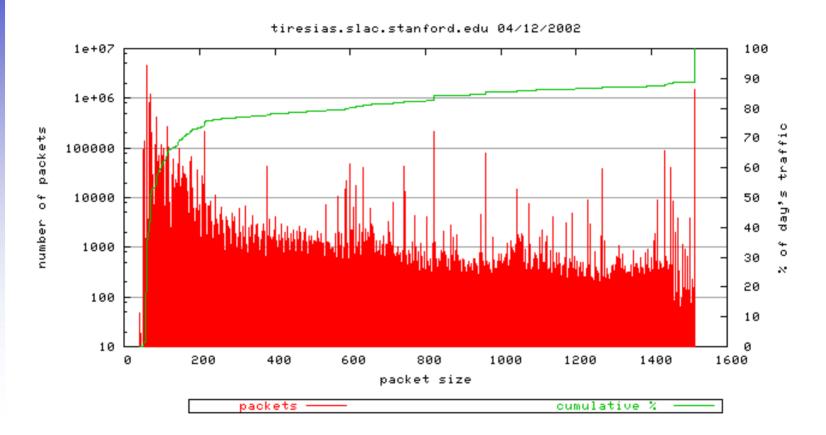
10 Days Bits/Second



Total Non-IP Traffic



Packet Size Distributions



Packet Size Histogram

Note: 50% of packets are < 100 bytes

Collector Security and Performance

- Collector Security
 - Probes and Database in DMZ
 - Protection from unauthorized access
 - Doing anything traverses two firewalls, an administrative headache
 - SSH access only
 - SSH error messages too cryptic (to deter bad guys?)
 - Deters good guys too
 - Web server still firewalled
 - Co-located with administrative function for another few weeks
 - Needs security check before general access can be enabled
- Collector Performance
 - Netra only good for 15 Mbits/sec

Phase I Future

- More collection sites
- Make other datasets available to NMS community

IPEX Phase II: Operational Measurement Infrastructure and Traffic Analysis

• IPEX Goals:

- insight into network performance through data studies and experiments
- Validation of results derived by analysis

New Focus: NMS community partnerships

- Commercial sites not a viable test-bed for traffic measurement (other priorities in current business climate)
- -Instead of concentrating on commercial sites, revise IPEX as NMS test-bed for traffic measurement (active and passive) and experiments, for relevant projects (Models, QoS,...)
- Results will be DOD focused and find broader commercial application

Ideas for IPEX Studies and Experiments

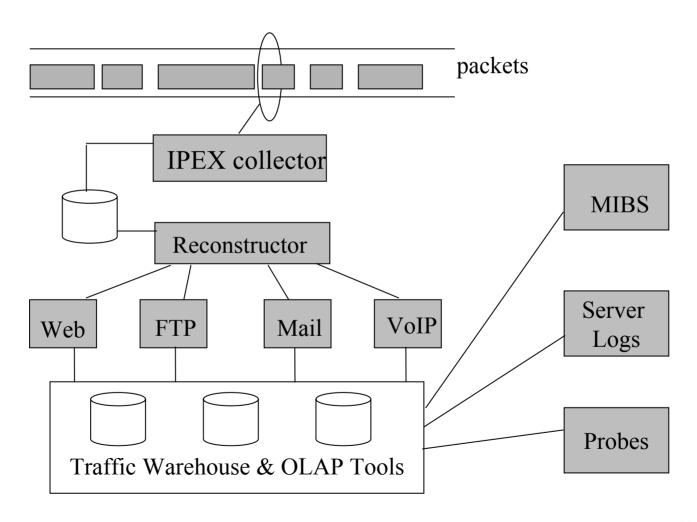
1. Sampling Issues in Measurements

- Sampling necessary because collection of complete traffic traces cannot keep up with increasing data rates
- What are good (perhaps, application-specific) sampling strategies?
- Implication for NMS
 - sampling strategies can make the difference between success and failure in achieving objectives (QoS monitoring, traffic characterization, performance control) for high-speed traffic
- Possible Studies
 - Measuring QoS
 - Determine sampling rate for acceptable accuracy of delay measurement, by examining variance as function of sampling rate (taking account of long-range correlation)
 - Traffic models
 - Comparison of models from detailed and 'sampled' versions of traffic trace, to determine measurement-resolution needed for deriving robust models

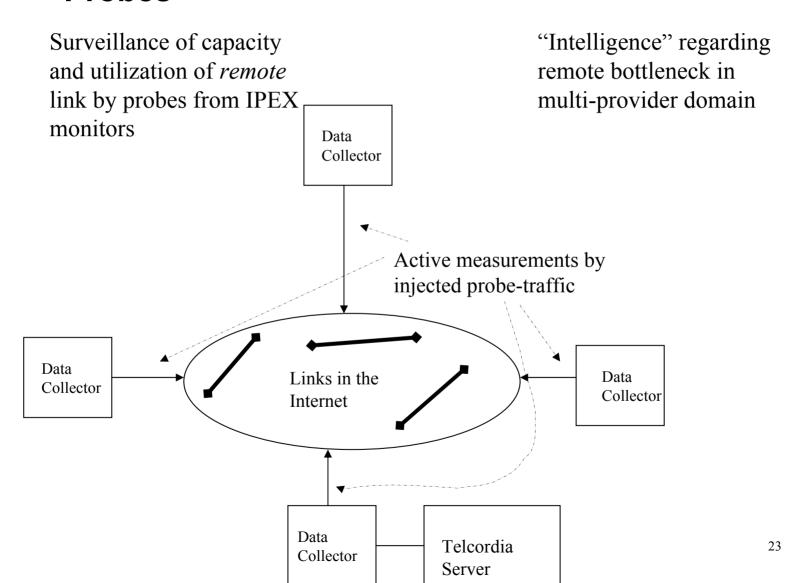
2. Data Mining for Analysis and Diagnosis

- Overall Aim
 - Exploit proven database techniques for uncovering patterns in data across multiple protocol layers, for traffic characterization and performance analysis
- Why needed?
 - Without correlation of application-level and packet-level information, information is often incomplete for
 - End-to-end service performance monitoring
 - Diagnosis of "root cause" of anomalies
- Complete data trace in IPEX would provide a single repository for analysis of multiple applications extending across multi-layer protocol stack
 - E.g., HTTP bandwidth and response times, Voice-over-IP jitter

2. Data Mining for Analysis and Diagnosis (Cont'd)

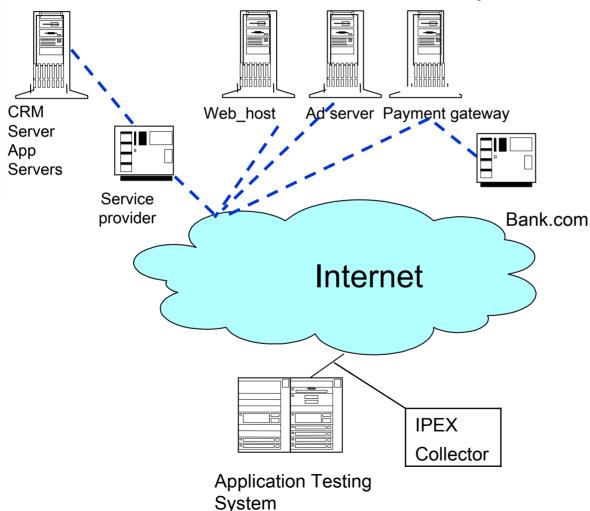


3. Remote Monitoring of Internet Links by Active Probes



4. Performance Testing of Web Service by Active Measurements

Cross-domain application testing by synthetic end-to-end transactions



Goal:

Distinguish between application-level and transport-level problems by analyzing packet traces and transactions data

Summary

- Designed data collection infrastructure and database
- Started deployment
- Made data available to NMS community on the Web
- Next: Use infrastructure for experimentation